

Hall Ticket Number:

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Code No. : 14266 AS N/O

VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS), HYDERABAD

Accredited by NAAC with A++ Grade

B.E. IV-Semester Advanced Suppl. Examinations, Aug./Sept.-2023

Design and Analysis of Algorithms

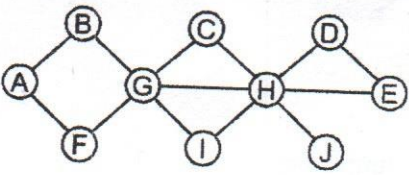
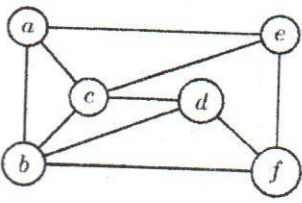
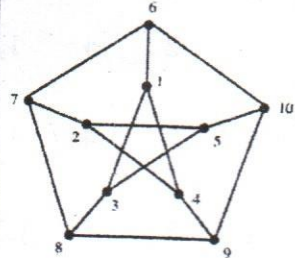
(Common to CSE & AIML)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

Note: Answer all questions from Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B

Part-A (10 × 2 = 20 Marks)

| Q. No. | Stem of the question | M | L | CO | PO |
|--------|---|---|---|----|-------|
| 1. | Prove or disprove the statement: $3^{n+3} = O(3^n)$. | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1,2,3 |
| 2. | State master's theorem. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1,2 |
| 3. | Give a recurrence for the running time of Strassen's matrix multiplication algorithm to multiply two square matrices of order n , where $n = 2^k$, for some integer $k \geq 0$. | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1,2 |
| 4. | Give two examples for optimization problems. | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1,2 |
| 5. | For what type of optimization problems dynamic programming is more suitable? | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1,2 |
| 6. | List out biconnected components of the following graph.  | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1,2,3 |
| 7. | Determine chromatic number of the following graph.  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1,2,3 |
| 8. | Determine whether the following graph has a Hamiltonian cycle.  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1,2,3 |
| 9. | What is intractable problem? Give an example. | 2 | 2 | 5 | 1,2 |
| 10. | Define set cover problem and give an example. | 2 | 1 | 5 | 1,2 |

| | | Part-B (5 × 8 = 40 Marks) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------------|---|---|-------|---------|-------------|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 11. a) | Define an algorithm. What are the criteria an algorithm must satisfy? Explain briefly. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1,2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| b) | For an odd integer n , let $T(n)$ be the number of times "Self-motivation is the best form of motivation for oneself" is printed in the following algorithm segment. Find $T(n)$. for ($i=1; i \leq n; i=i++$) do for ($j=1; j \leq n; j=j+2$) do print " Self-motivation is the best form of motivation for oneself"; | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1,2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12. a) | Derive a recurrence for the worst-case running time of binary search and represent it's worst-case running time using theta notation. | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1,2,3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| b) | Solve the following instance of single-source shortest paths problem with vertex 'a' as source by applying a greedy algorithm. | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1,2,3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13. a) | Solve the following instance of 0/1 knapsack problem by applying your algorithm. | 6 | 3 | 3 | 1,2,3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Item No</th> <th>Weight (Kg)</th> <th>Profit (Rs)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>6</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>7</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Knapsack capacity (W) = 8 Kg</p> | | | | | | Item No | Weight (Kg) | Profit (Rs) | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| Item No | Weight (Kg) | Profit (Rs) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 6 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 7 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| b) | What is longest common subsequence problem? Give an example. | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1,2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14. a) | How many solutions does the 4-queens problem have? Justify your answer. | 2 | 2 | 4 | 1,2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| b) | Define Traveling Salesperson Problem (TSP). Explain briefly the main steps in a branch-and-bound solution to the TSP problem. | 6 | 2 | 4 | 1,2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15. a) | Consider the following Clique Decision Problem (CDP). Input : An undirected graphs $G (V, E)$ and an integer k . Question: Does there exist a clique of size at least k in G ? Show that CDP is NP-hard by showing that CNF-Satisfiability problem reduces to CDP. | 4 | 3 | 5 | 1,2,3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|-----|--|---|---|---|-------|
| | Define the following terms. | 4 | 2 | 5 | 1,2 |
| | i). Vertex cover | | | | |
| | ii) Matching | | | | |
| | iii) Maximal matching | | | | |
| | iv) Approximation ratio | | | | |
| 16. | a) Give a formal definition of theta notation. Prove or disprove the following: $5n^2+8n-3=O(n^2)$. | 4 | 3 | 1 | 1,2,3 |
| | b) Sort the keys 550, 550, 580, 530, 540, 530, 520 in non-decreasing order by applying quick sort. | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1,2,3 |
| 17. | Answer any <i>two</i> of the following: | | | | |
| | a) Define Binary Search Tree (BST). List out all possible BSTs possible with the keys 10, 20 and 30. Also state Optimal BST problem. | 4 | 3 | 3 | 1,2,3 |
| | b) Explain the general method of backtracking. Give two examples for problems with backtracking solution. | 4 | 2 | 4 | 1,2 |
| | c) Define the following complexity classes and give two examples for each. | 4 | 2 | 5 | 1,2 |
| | i). NP | | | | |
| | ii) NP-hard | | | | |

M : Marks; L; Bloom's Taxonomy Level; CO; Course Outcome; PO: Programme Outcome

| | | |
|------|-------------------------------|-----|
| i) | Blooms Taxonomy Level - 1 | 20% |
| ii) | Blooms Taxonomy Level - 2 | 34% |
| iii) | Blooms Taxonomy Level - 3 & 4 | 46% |
